Applications of remote sensing and crop modeling in high-throughput plant phenotyping and climate-resilient cropping systems

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Motivation

Major issues & challenges



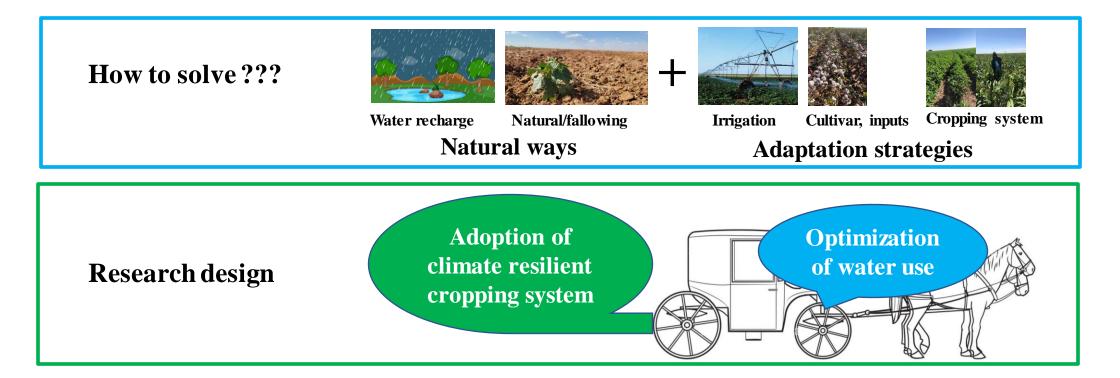
Water limitation & Ogallala Aquifer



Cotton dominated cropping system

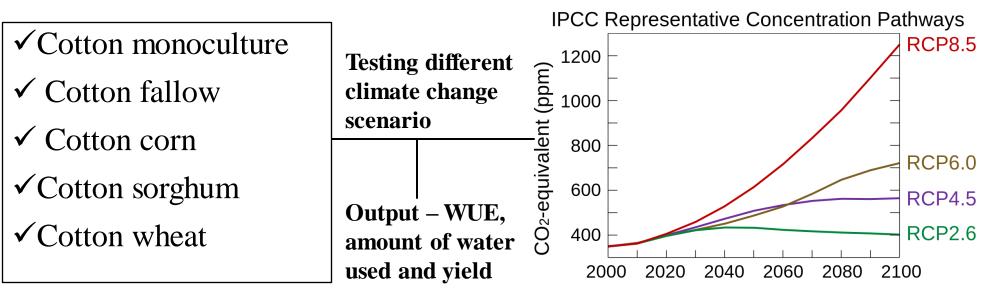


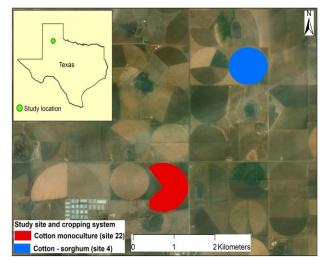
Climate change-rainfall, temperature



The overall goal of my research is to identify and assess sustainable and profitable climate resilient cropping system using crop model and precision agriculture technology

1. Identification and assessment of climate resilient cropping system





Key message:

✓ Tested only two cropping system (cotton monoculture and cotton sorghum rotation , cotton sorghum rotation has increased yield with higher WUE than cotton monoculture (2011-2015)

2. Predicting within-field cotton yield variability using DSSAT for decision support in precision agriculture

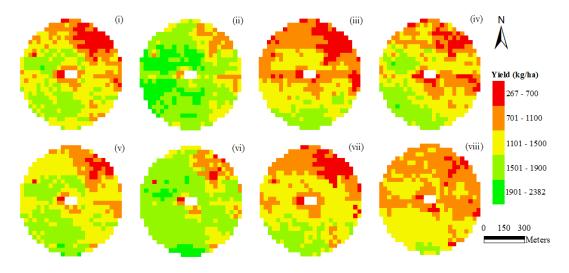


Fig. Spatiotemporal variations in cotton yield near Olton county, Texas (top row: measured, bottom row: simulated cotton yield in 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003

Key message:

- ✓ Water holding capacity of soil is major spatial yield variability creating factor.
- ✓ Optimize water using site specific irrigation management

3. High-throughput cotton maturity phenotyping using unmanned aerial systems





Key message:

 ✓ Helps to distinguish the maturity group (Early, mid and late) of cotton in hundredths of breeding lines efficiently