

Cotton Physiology

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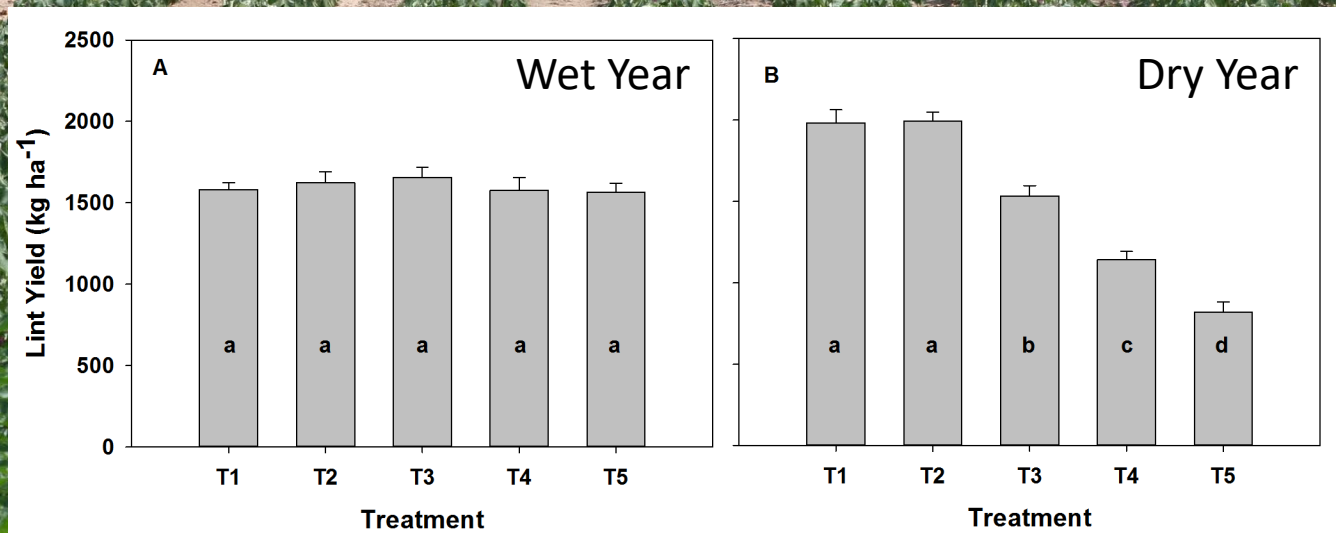
UNIVERSITY OF
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Drought



1. Decreases leaf area expansion, plant height, fruiting sites, etc.
2. Decreases light interception and canopy photosynthetic rates.
3. Hastens maturity, decreases boll numbers and (sometimes) boll mass.
4. Reduces yield.

Drought



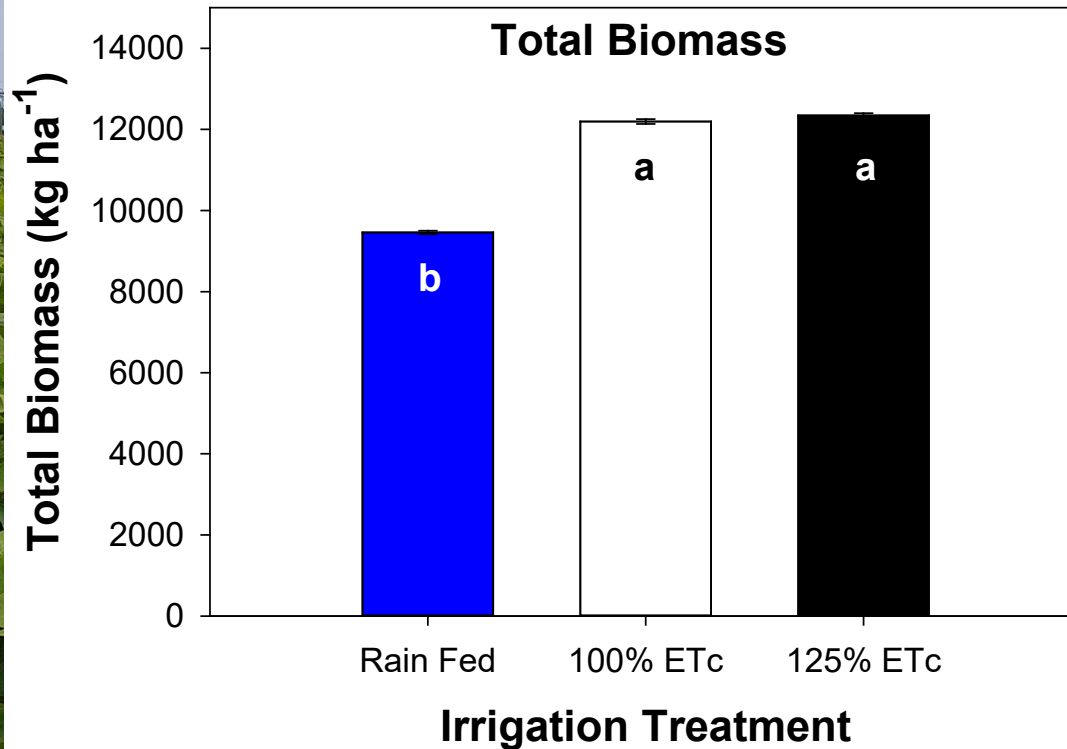
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Water Excess



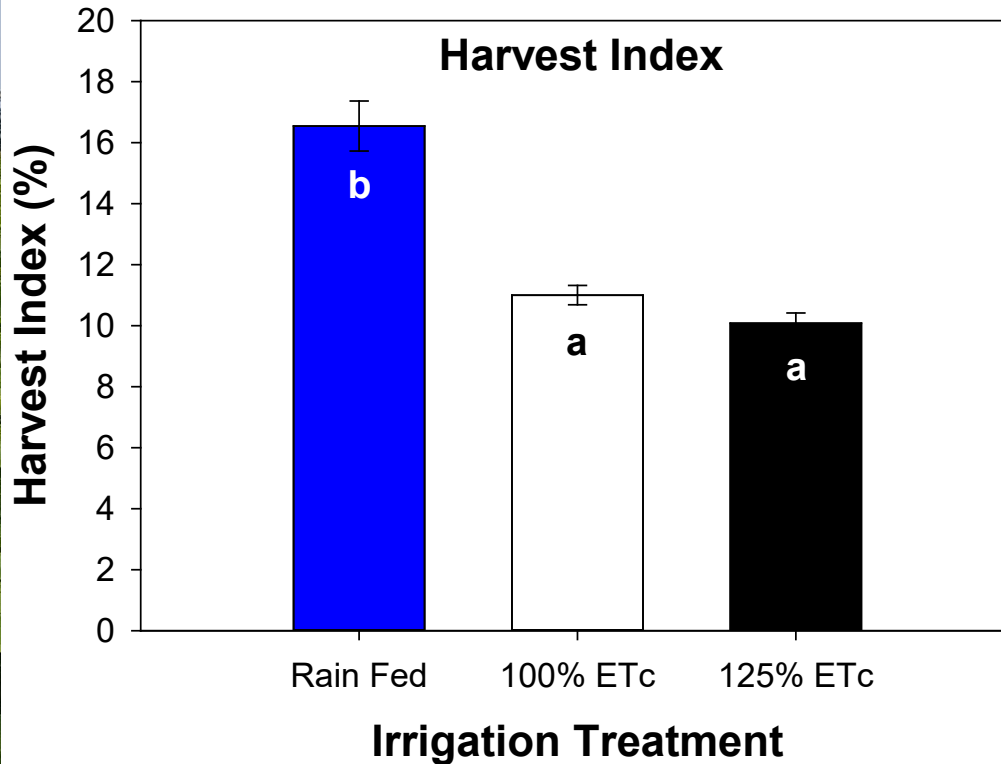
1. Can produce rank growth.
2. Decreases light interception and fruit retention at lower nodes.
3. Can delay maturity and (sometimes) decrease yield.

Water Excess



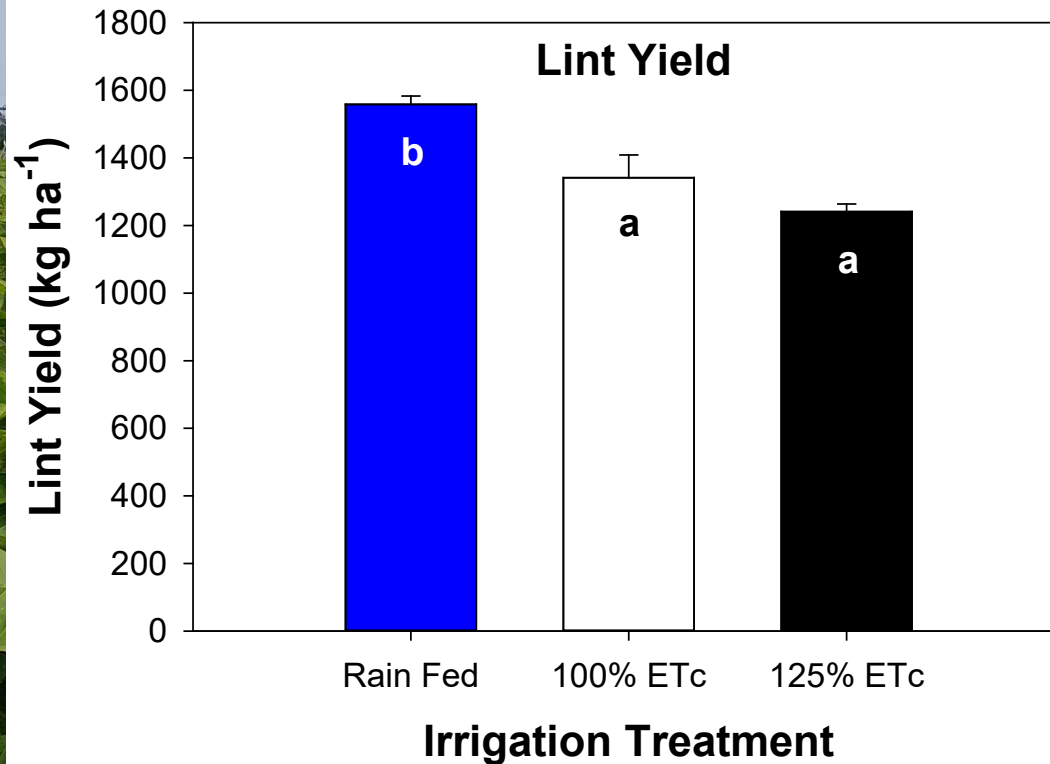
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PGR Effects

PGR Application

- Produces shorter plants by reducing internode elongation.
- Positively affects fruit retention on lower nodes.
- Can accelerate maturity due to effects on vegetative growth and fruit retention.
- Can we offset negative impacts of excessive irrigation by more aggressively managing PGRs in modern cultivars?

2020 & 2021 Objective

To quantify the effect of irrigation, PGR management, and cultivar on plant growth, maturity, and yield.

Experimental Details

Irrigation Treatments:

1 → 100% ET_c

1.25 → 125% ET_c

Dryland → No supplemental irrigation after stand establishment

PGR Treatments:

1 → Untreated control

2 → Moderate treatment (12 oz/acre Pix at FF; 16 oz/acre Pix two weeks later)

3 → Aggressive (10 oz/acre at 8 leaf stage + two applications noted above).

Cultivars:

- DP 1646
- DG 3615
- DG 3799

Replications: 3

Design: Split-split plot

Location: Stripling Irrigation Research Park, Camilla, GA.

Experimental Details

In-Season Measurements:

- NAWF
- Use linear regression to determine days to cutout (NAWF = 3) for each plot.

End of season measurements:

- Plant Height
- Yield and Fiber Quality



Results

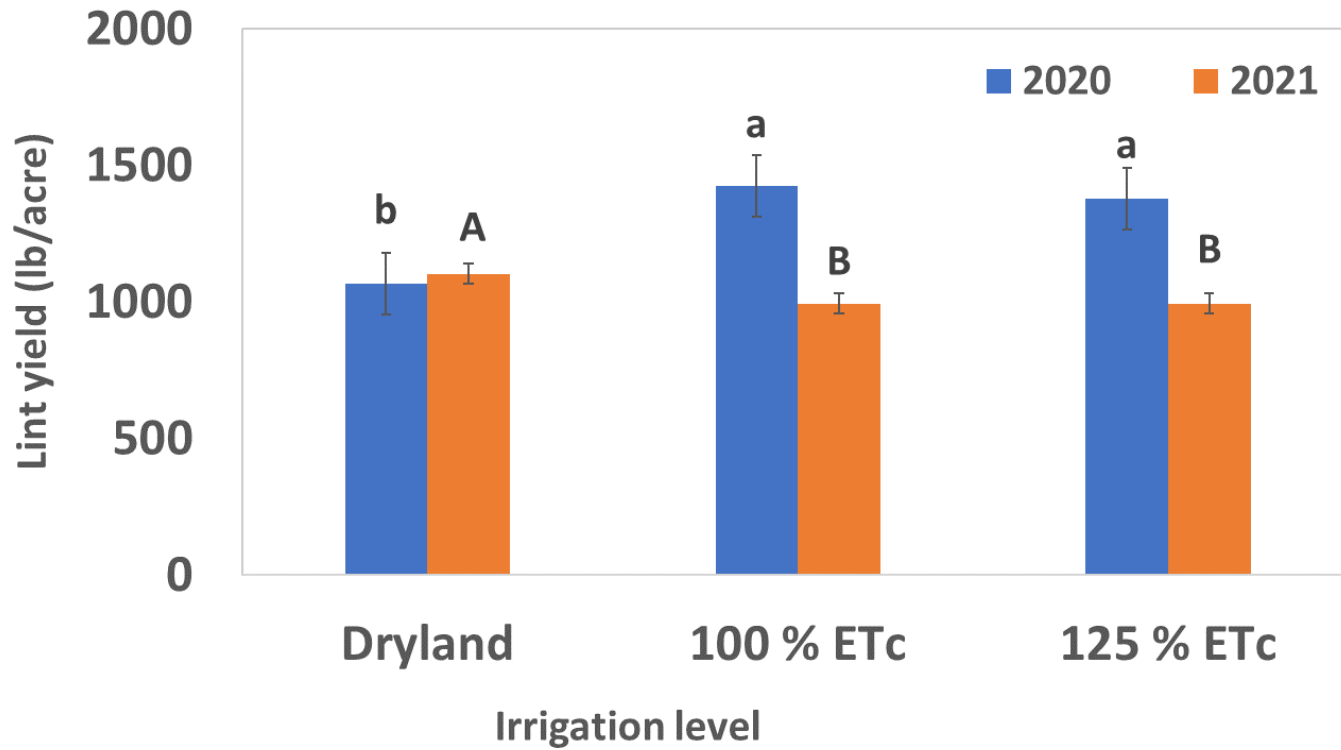
Significant Effects

Source	P value					
	Plant Height		Cutout date		Lint yield	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
Variety	0.0377	0.0019	0.1727	0.6173	0.0938	0.0001
Irrigation	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.2013	0.0001	0.0003
PGR	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0774	0.0928
Variety*Irrigation	0.2896	0.1848	0.8386	0.9319	0.1907	0.1698
Variety*PGR	0.2719	0.5781	0.9331	0.6383	0.7367	0.1771
Irrigation*PGR	0.0001	0.0472	0.0017	0.4004	0.1872	0.1254
Variety*Irrigation*PGR	0.7765	0.7637	0.9287	0.984	0.8998	0.2927

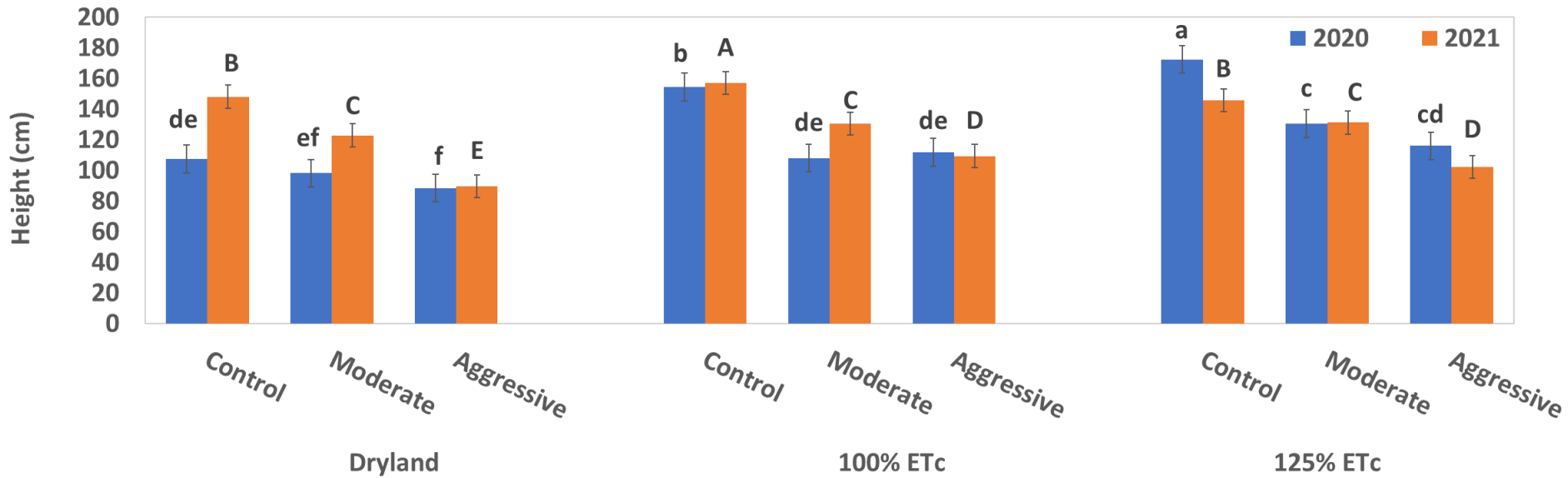
Water

Year	Treatment	Irrigation (cm)	Rainfall (cm)	Total water (cm)
	Dryland	3.6	34.7	38.3
2020	100% ETc	25.6	34.7	60.3
	125% ETc	29	34.7	63.7
	Dryland	5.1	73.5	78.6
2021	100% ETc	16.5	73.5	90.0
	125% ETc	22.3	73.5	95.8

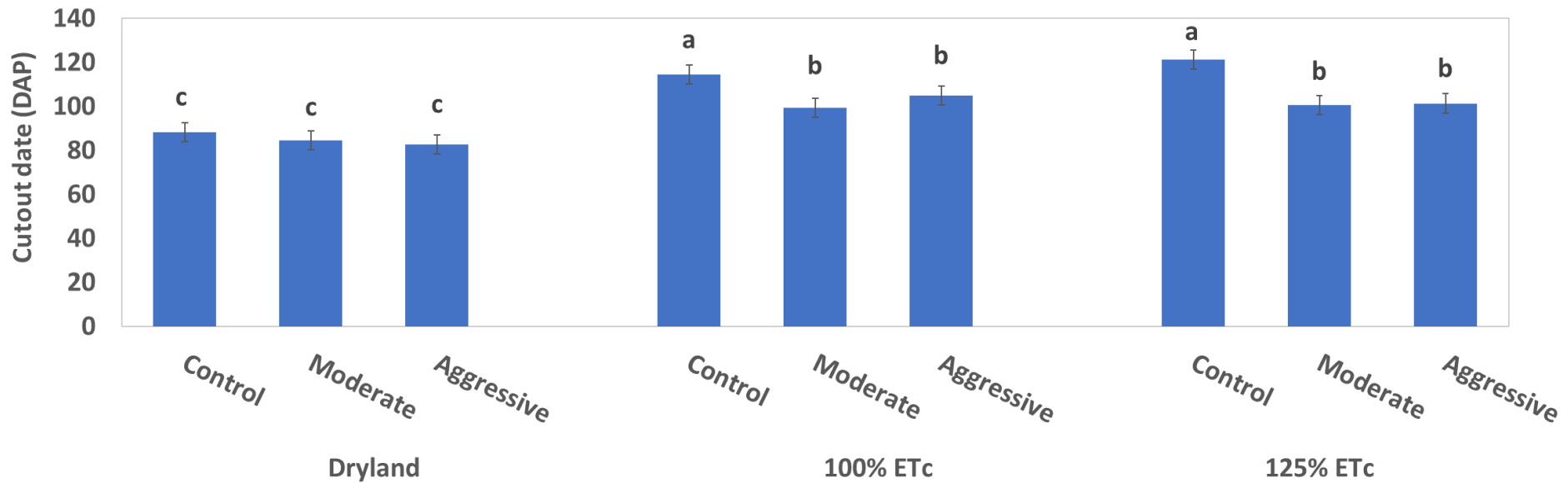
Lint Yield



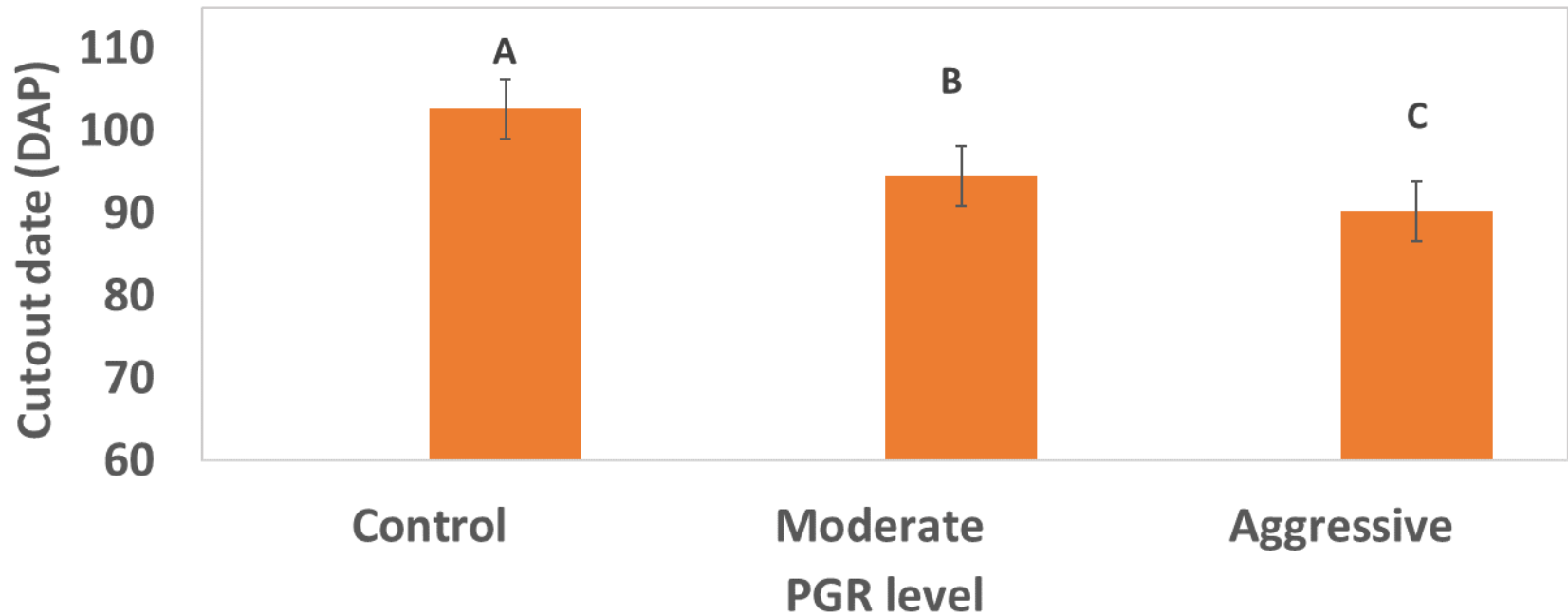
Height



Cutout Date (2020)



Cutout Date (2021)



Conclusions

- ✓ **2020 was a dry year and yields responded positively to irrigation and 2021 was a wet year and yield responded negatively to irrigation.**
- ✓ **There was no effect of PGR treatment or an interaction between PGR and any other effect for lint yield.**
- ✓ **For height, a PGR x Irrigation interaction was observed in both years, with the shortest plants observed in aggressively treated plots under dryland conditions.**
- ✓ **In 2020, PGR treatment hastened cutout by 2-3 weeks in irrigated plots, but had no effect on maturity in dryland plots. Only PGR treatment affected cutout date in 2021.**

PGR Management and Drought Susceptibility

Tifton-Bowen Farm 2021

Treatments:

Irrigation: supplied via subsurface drip

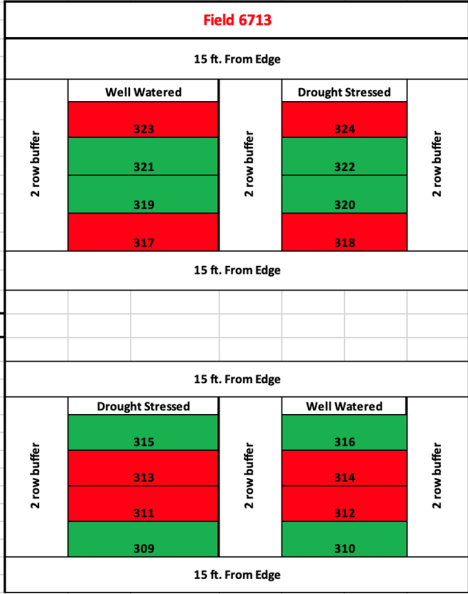
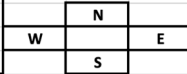
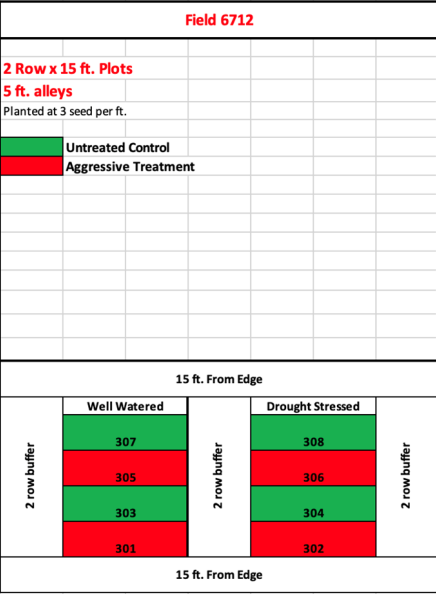
1. Well watered all season according to UGA Checkbook method
2. Drought stressed imposed after third PGR application for 3 weeks, then returned to well-watered

PGR: 4.2% solution of mepiquat chloride (MC).

1. Aggressive: 10 oz. at 8 leaf, 12 oz. at first flower, and 16 oz. at first flower + 2 weeks
2. No PGR application



Layout



Data Collection

Weekly measurements:

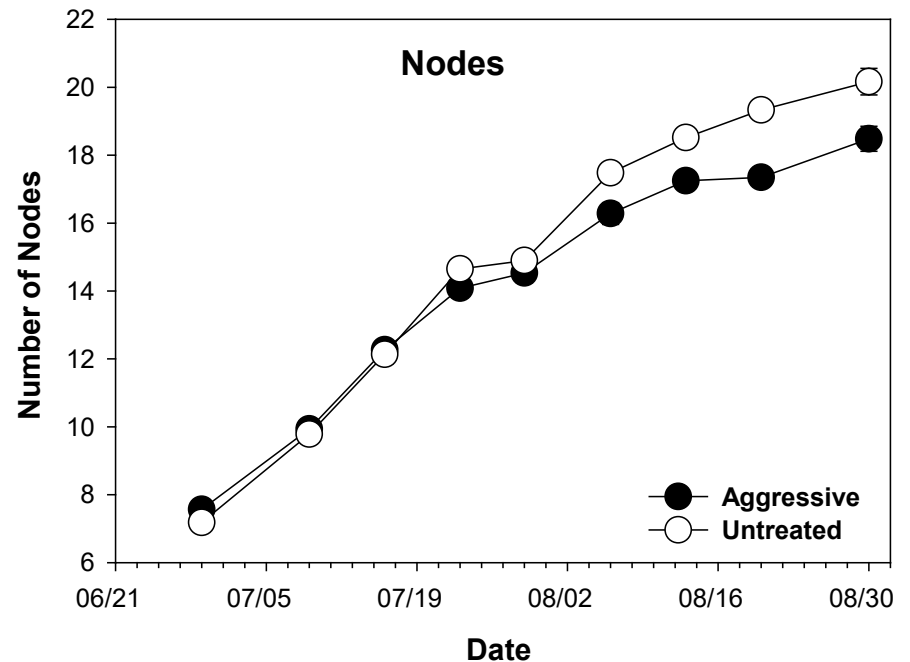
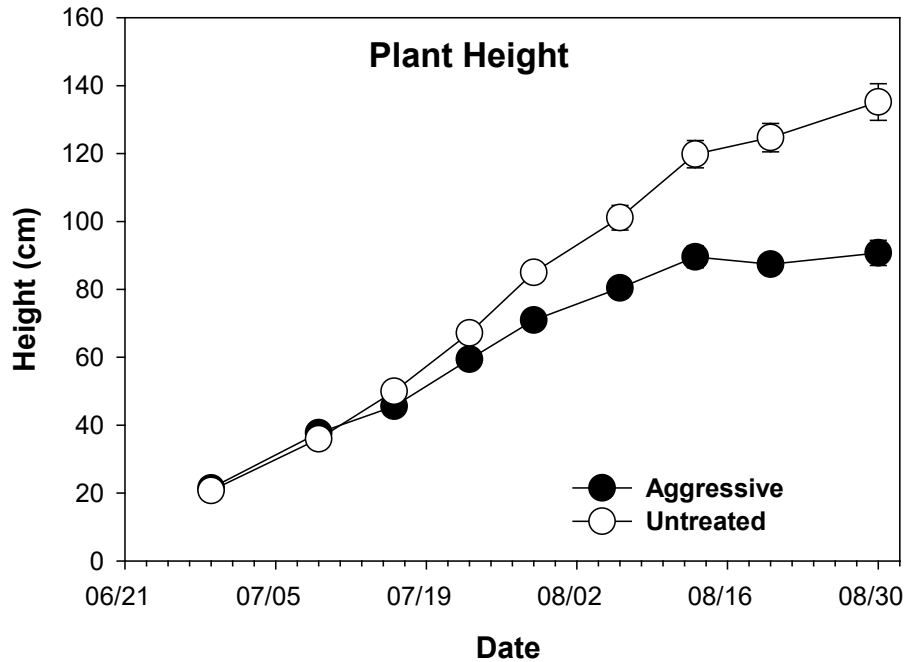
- ✓ Height (cm)
- ✓ Number of mainstem nodes
- ✓ 4th internode length (cm)
- ✓ Soil Moisture content
- ✓ Nodes above white flower

End of Season Measurements:

- ✓ Lint Yield
- ✓ Fiber Quality
- ✓ Total fruiting sites and bolls per plant
- ✓ HVI Analysis

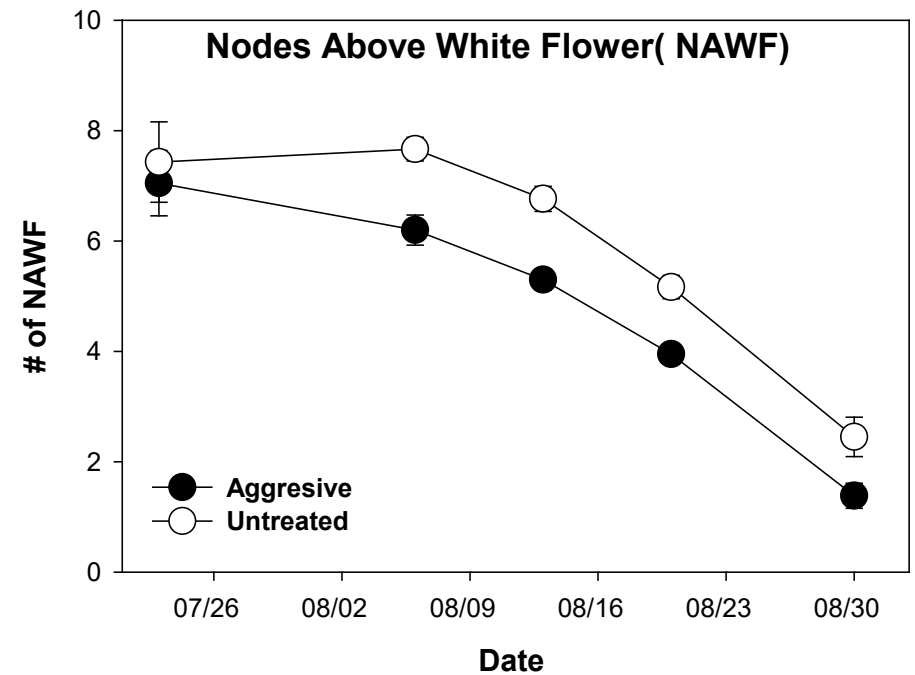
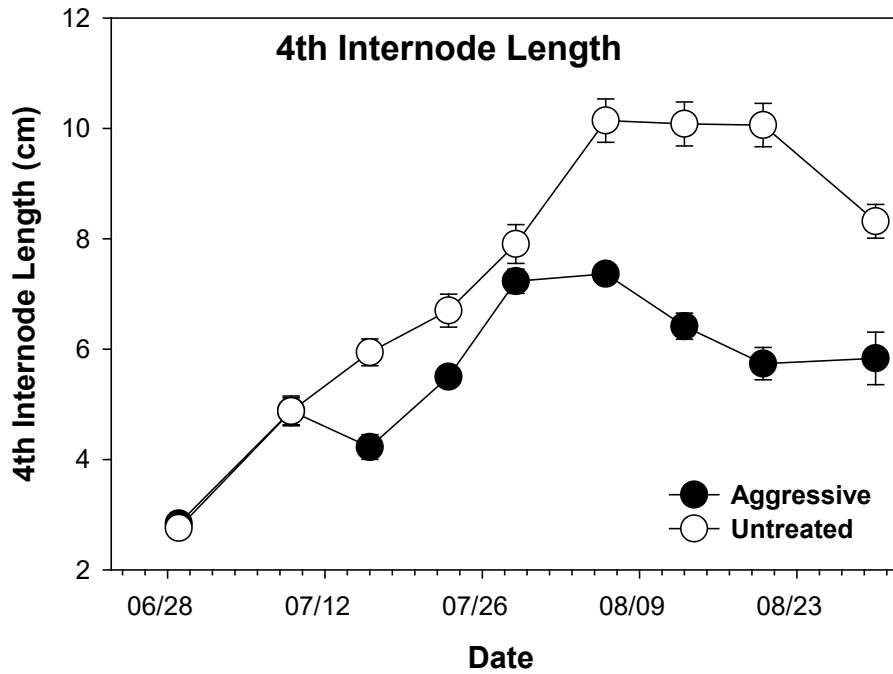


Height and Nodes



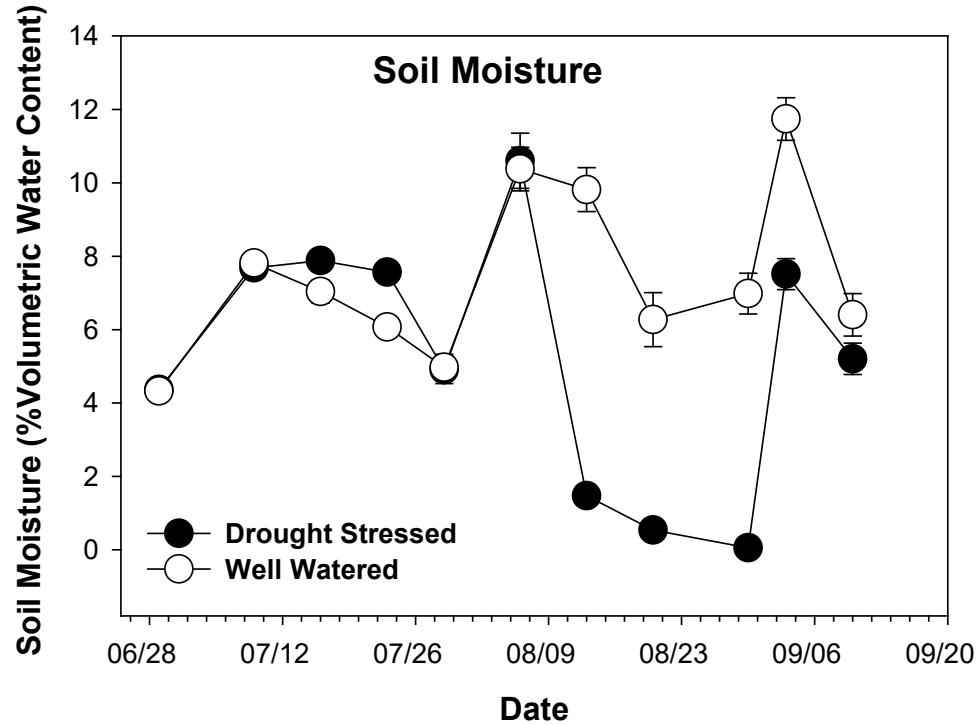
Only a PGR effect.

Conclusions



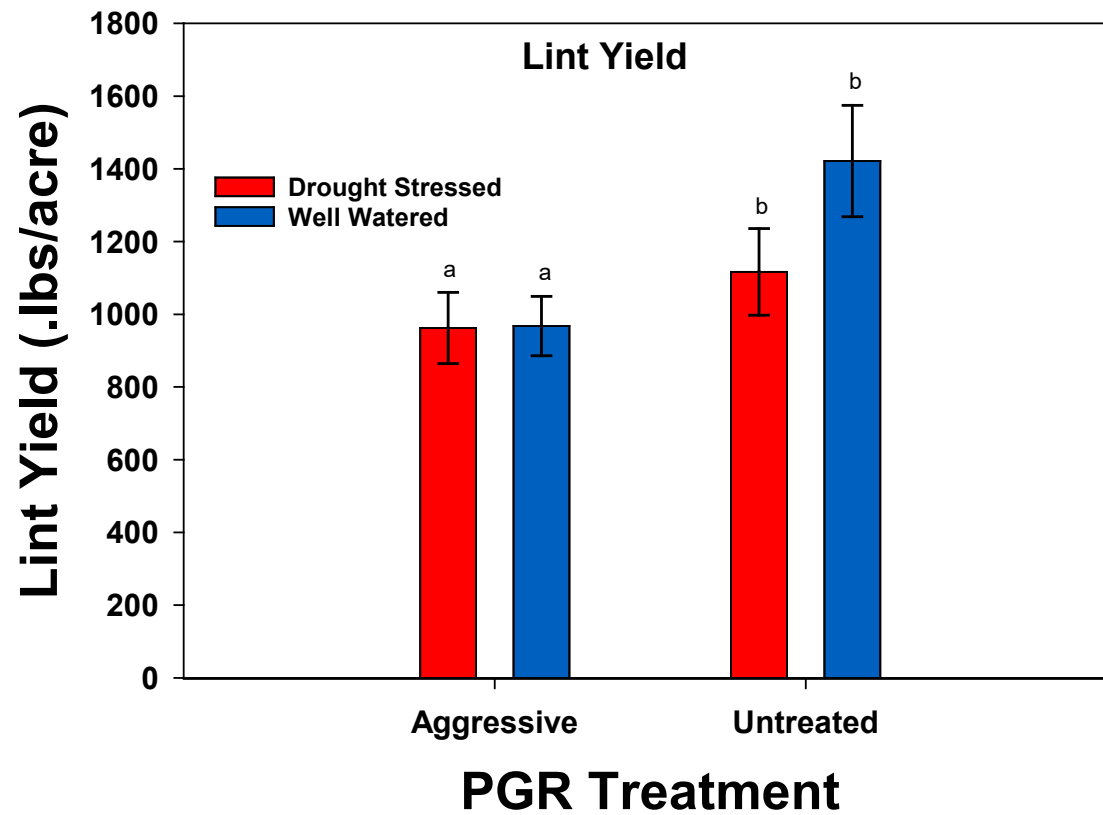
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Soil Moisture

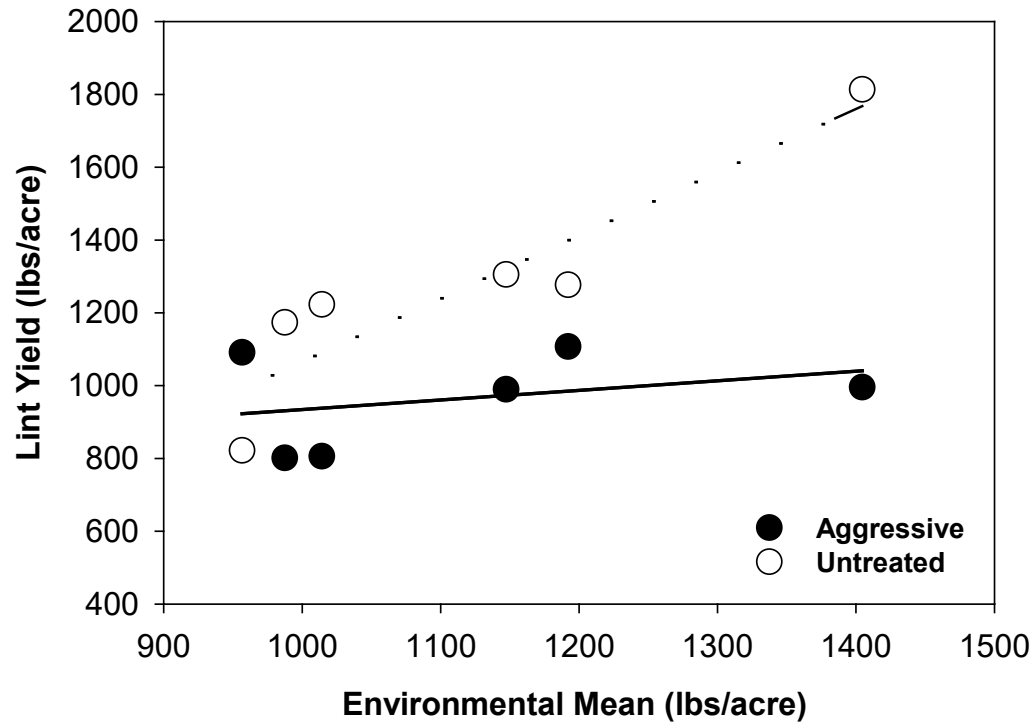


Only an irrigation effect.

Yield



Yield Stability



Conclusions

- ✓ PGR treatment significantly impacted growth parameters (height, nodes, 4th internode length).
- ✓ PGR treatment hastened cutout and significantly decreased lint yield compared to untreated plots.
- ✓ Irrigation and PGR x irrigation did not or rarely impacted growth parameters and yield.
- ✓ Drought stress affected soil moisture measurements but stress severity differed substantially depending on shelter.
- ✓ PGR treated plots were more yield stable but did not achieve the same yields as untreated plants in a high yield situation.

QUESTIONS?